

visors, officially acknowledges and acclaims the East Los Angeles Health Task Force for the excellence with which it has performed and the spirit it has exemplified and may it further be

Resolved that in recognition and appreciation of the East Los Angeles Health Task Force for its noble endeavors the County Board of Supervisors officially proclaims Friday, September 15, 1972 as "the East Los Angeles Health Task Force Day" to be observed throughout the County of Los Angeles.

#### THE NEW PATRIOTS

### HON. JOHN R. RARICK

OF LOUISIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 1972

Mr. RARICK. Mr. Speaker, news has now reached us that the five terrorist guerrillas slain by German police following the Olympic kidnapping and murder of Israel athletes have been given a heroes' funeral in Libya.

We are reminded of a similar heroes' treatment given the American Communist Angela Davis on her exhibition tour of Moscow and East Germany.

Apparently the definition of hero and patriot, like that of peace, differs in Communist public opinion from the common understanding of those terms in the United States. We can only wonder how the term murder is interpreted in the Communist vernacular.

I ask that related news clippings follow:

[From the Evening Star and Daily News, Sept. 13, 1972]

LIBYA GIVES FIVE GUERRILLAS HEROES' FUNERAL IN TRIPOLI

BEIRUT.—Libya has given a heroes' funeral to five Palestinian guerillas killed by Munich

police after they had slain 11 Israelis at the Olympic games.

The Middle East News Agency, in a dispatch from Tripoli, said yesterday's funeral was a "majestic spectacle."

The guerrillas were killed in a shootout at a military airfield near Munich on Sept. 6 as they were trying to escape with Israeli hostages.

Three other guerrillas were captured and are in separate German jails.

Large numbers of mourners marched behind a funeral cortege led by members of the ruling Libyan Revolution Command Council. The agency did not say whether Col. Mummar Kadafy, the council's chairman, took part.

Palestinian guerrillas and members of the Libyan "Popular Resistance" also took part in the procession, the agency said. It marched to "Martyrs' Square" where prayers were offered, the agency said.

The five bodies were flown in from Munich on Monday.

[From the Washington Post, Sept. 11, 1972]

EAST GERMANY GIVES ANGELA BIG WELCOME  
BERLIN, September 11—Angela Davis, fresh from a two-week stay in the Soviet Union, was greeted by 50,000 youths when she arrived at East Berlin's Schoenefeld airport yesterday, the East German news agency ADN reported.

The U.S. Communist—acquitted in June of murder, kidnaping and conspiracy charges which stemmed from a California courthouse shootout—will remain in East Germany five days. While in the Soviet Union, she was the guest of the Soviet Women's Committee and toured several cities in a visit widely publicized by Soviet media.

[From the Christian Beacon, Sept. 7, 1972]

ANGELA DAVIS TOURS COMMUNIST COUNTRIES  
Angela Davis, under the protection of American citizenship and a U.S.-issued visa, who has repeatedly declared herself "an avowed Communist," has now become a

literal propaganda messenger for Communist Soviet Russia.

Wildly welcomed recently on her arrival in Moscow by a cheering throng headed by Valentina Tereshkova, the Communist woman astronaut, who greeted her with "to everyone in our country, you have become very close and very dear," the American Communist answered, "I bring solidarity from the black people of the United States." In further comment, she said that this "is rapidly achieving the consciousness which will eventually allow us in the U.S. to join the Soviet people in the ranks of socialism."

Soon after declaring that "it is an expressibly wonderful feeling to be here on the soil of the Soviet Union," the atheistic, anti-American advocate was given a Lenin Jubilee Medal. Receiving it from Yadgar Nasriddinova, chairman of the House of Nationalities of the Supreme Soviet which is the USSR's supreme legislative body, Communist Angela replied, "The USSR carries the banner of socialism all over the world. It shows an example to the countries of Asia and Africa fighting for their independence and socialism. We American Communists are struggling against the aggressive policy of U.S. imperialism."

After this declaration, the Soviet Embassy announced the following day that the American Communist woman would travel to the Communist countries of Cuba and Chile. En route to these countries, the embassy officials said that she would carry her Communist views to East Berlin, Sofia, Bulgaria, and Prague in Czechoslovakia, before returning to the U.S. The Soviet embassy also quoted her as saying she had to be back in New York on October 1 so she could take part in the final weeks of the U.S. election campaign's Communist goals.

With the growing denouncement of Communist Davis' statements and actions against the United States as well as strong criticism of the State Department for issuing a passport to a person for such anti-American tactics in foreign countries, charges of "traitor," "treason," and "she should be arrested at her re-entry port and jailed" are being sounded.

## SENATE—Friday, September 15, 1972

(Legislative day of Tuesday, September 12, 1972)

The Senate met at 9 a.m., on the expiration of the recess, and was called to order by the President pro tempore (Mr. EASTLAND).

#### PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Edward L. R. Elson, D.D., offered the following prayer:

God of our fathers and our God, we thank Thee for the vitality and strength of the Nation and for the durability of its institutions. We thank Thee for this body, for the rules which regulate its daily life, for the leadership which guides its processes, and for its achievements on behalf of the people. Undergird all who serve here giving them wisdom, strength, and courage to provide for the Nation's needs and to secure peace and justice for all mankind. In the end give them a good conscience, the satisfaction of work well done, and the gratitude of their fellow citizens.

We pray in the name of the one who is the truth and the way. Amen.

#### THE JOURNAL

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, September 14, 1972, be approved.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### COMMITTEE MEETINGS DURING SENATE SESSION

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce; the Committee on Armed Services; the Committee on Public Works; the Subcommittee on Internal Security of the Committee on the Judiciary; the Subcommittee on Flood Control, Rivers and Harbors of the Committee on Public Works; the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare; and the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs may be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate today.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### EXECUTIVE SESSION

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate go into executive session to consider nominations on the Executive Calendar.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The nominations on the Executive Calendar will be stated.

#### UNITED NATIONS REPRESENTATIVES

The second assistant legislative clerk proceeded to read sundry nominations in United Nations Representatives.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the nominations be considered en bloc.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, the nominations are considered and confirmed en bloc.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the President be